

KERNEWEK DRE LYTHER

Dyskans Peswar warn Ugens

Peswara Dyskans warn Ugens

Telling the time, Numeral Adverbs

AN² ORSEDH

Mis Gwynngala y⁵ hwra Yowann, Jenifer, Lowena ha Peder vyajya y'n karr-tan rag gweles Gorsedh Kernow. Lowena a² gar gweles an² Verdh ha'n Bardhesow y'ga³ fows² las splann aga sav war an pras gwyrdh. Hi a² gar an baneryow rudh, melyn ha du, ha Kledha Myghtern Arthur ow poyntya troha'n ebrenn. Ass yw gwel brav! Jenifer a² gar gweles an mowesi ow tonsya, gwyrdh aga³ fows ha bleujennow y'ga diwla. Yowann a² gar Galow an² Orsedh.

“Eus Kres?” an Bardh Meur a² wra dhe² elwel teyrgweyth, ha teyrgweyth an² Verdh a² worthyp, “Kres!”

Ev a² gar ynwedh an solempnyta kewsys ha kenys yn Kernewek. Wosa mos dhe'n² Orsedh lies blydhen, Yowann a woer geryow an solempnyta dre² gov. Martesen y⁵ fydh bardh y honan neb dydh.

Treweythyow yma'n² Orsedh synsys yn neb tre yn-mysk an chiow, hag ogas dhe'n eglos. Treweythyow yma hi synsys pell diworth annedhow mab-den, yn-mysk gwelyow, breow ha bronnow war an² woen po an hal, ogas dhe avon, heyl po koes. Splann yw an howl! Nyns eus nevra hager awel na glaw y'n jydh a'n² Orsedh!

Gans Berdh Kernow yma Bardh diworth Breten² Vyghan a² gews dhe'n kuntellyans yn Bretonek, ha Bardh diworth Kembra a² gews dhe'n² bobel yn Kembrek.

“A-dherag an Howl, Lagas an Jydh,” yn-medh an Bardh Meur, “an² Orsedh yw igerys!”

Gerva

| | | |
|----------------------------------|---------------------------------------|---|
| Gorsedh (f) | Gorsedh <i>(assembly of Bards)</i> | mowes (f)(p) mowesi girl |
| vyajya | to go for a trip. | donsya to dance |
| bardh (p) berdh | bard (male) | diwla hands |
| bardhes (f) (p) bardhesow | bard (f) | galow call |
| pows (f) (p) powsyow | robe | an² Orsedh the Gorsedh <i>(irregular mutation)</i> |
| glas | blue | kres peace |
| a'ga sav | standing | gelwel to call |
| pras (p) prasow | meadow | Bardh Meur Grand Bard |
| gwyrdh | green | teyrgweyth three times |
| baner (p) baneryow | banner | gorthybi to answer |
| rudh | red | solempnyta ceremony |
| melyn | yellow | kewsys spoken |
| du | black | kenys sung |
| kledha (p) kledhedhyow | sword | a² woer knows |
| myghtern (p) myghternedh | king | (godhvos to know) |
| poyntya | to point | ger (p) geryow word |
| troha | towards | kov (p) kovyow memory |
| ebrenn (f) | sky | dre² gov by heart |
| ass yw gwel brav | what a fine sight | martesen perhaps |
| | it is | y⁵ fydh he will be |

| | | |
|---------------------------------------|----------------|---|
| synsys | held | avon (f) (p) avonyow river |
| neb dydh | some day | koes (p) koesow wood, forest |
| yn-mysk | among | Kembra (f) Wales |
| eglos (f) (p) eglosyow | church | blydhen (f)(p) blydhynyow year |
| neb tre | some town. | hager awel bad weather |
| pell | far | glaw rain |
| annedh (f) (p) annedhow | dwelling | kuntellyans (p) kuntellyansow gathering |
| mab-den | mankind | pobel (f)(p) poblow people |
| nyns eus nevra | there is never | howl sun. |
| gwel (p) gwelyow | field | lagas eye. |
| bre (f) (p) breow | hill | an jydh the day |
| bronn (f)(p) bronnow | hill | <i>(irregular mutation)</i> |
| goen (f)(p) goenyow | down | igerys open |
| hal (f)(p) halow | moor | |

Govynnnow

- 1) P'eur yw an² Orsedh synsys?
- 2) Py liw (colour) yw pows an² Verdh?
- 3) Pandr'a² gar Jenifer?
- 4) Piw a² wra gelwel, “Eus kres?”
- 5) Py yeth yw kewsys yn solempnyta an² Orsedh?
- 6) Ple'ma'n² Orsedh synsys?
- 7) Fatell² gews an Bardh Bretonek ha'n Bardh Kembrek?
- 8) Pandr'a lever an Bardh Meur?
- 9) Yw Yowann Bardh an² Orsedh?
- 10) A² garsesta bos Bardh an² Orsedh?

(Would you like to be....?)

Yes, I would like to be...

No, I would not like to be...

Karsen, y karsen bos....

Na²garsen, ny² garsen bos....)

Gramasek

A. Telling the time.

Py eur yw hi?

What time is it?

Py eur y⁵ hwrussons i mos ena?

What time did they go there?

The word “eur” (f) (literally “hour”) stands for Eng. “time” and “o’clock” so:

unn eur yw hi it is one o’clock.

diw eur yw hi it is two o’clock.

For minutes past the hour, use **wosa** (past)

deg wosa teyr yw hi

it is ten past three.

hanter wosa peder yw hi

it is half past four.

When past the half hour, e.g. “ten to one”, the hour is given first, followed by **marnas** (less) and then the number of minutes:

unn (eur) marnas deg yw hi

it is ten to one.

unnek marnas ugens yw hi

it is twenty to eleven.

To say “at” a certain time, use **dhe²**.

dhe² bymp eur at five o’clock.

Note also

hanter-dydh mid-day. **hanter-nos** mid-night.

And the feminine forms of the numbers 2, 3, and 4 are used when referring to “eur”.

Exercise 1. Translate the following into Cornish:

- 1) What time is it?
- 2) What time did Yowann come?
- 3) It is six o’clock.
- 4) It is ten to five.
- 5) He came at fifteen minutes to six.
- 6) We went at ten past ten.
- 7) It is mid-day.
- 8) It is ten past two.
- 9) It is five to six.
- 10) It is mid-night.

B. Numeral adverbs. The Grand Bard’s threefold cry of “Peace!” is a good introduction to these numerals which answer the question: “How many times?” or “How often?” In English we have “once”, “twice”, and the old-fashioned “thrice”, now replaced by “three times,” and after that we use the number followed by the word “times.”

Similarly, in Cornish the numeral precedes “**gweyth**” (times) and is sometimes joined to it, but “**gweyth**” is mutated to “**weyth**” when used with **unn**, **diw**, and **mil**. Note that sometimes the “**g**” alters to “**k**”.

| | | | |
|---------------------|-------------|-----------------------|-------------------|
| unnweyth | once | naw gweyth | nine times |
| diwweyth | twice | dekkweyth | ten times. |
| teyrgweyth | three times | kankweyth | hundred times |
| pedergweyth | four times | milweyth | thousand times. |
| pymp gweyth | five times | lieskweyth | many times, often |
| hwegh gweyth | six times | py lieskweyth? | how many times? |
| seythgweyth | seven times | | how often? |
| ethgweyth | eight times | | |

Exercise 2. Translate into Cornish.

- 1) How often does Yowann come?
- 2) He comes twice in the week.
- 3) Does Jenifer go to the office often?
- 4) Yes, she goes five times a week. (in the week.)
- 5) How many times have you been to Cornwall? Many times.
- 6) How often do you write to your friend? (“to your” = “**dhe’th**”)
- 7) I have written once.
- 8) The Grand Bard calls three times, “Is there peace?”
- 9) The bards reply three times “Peace!”
- 10) The Gorsedh is held once every year.